

PRE-BOARD / XII / POLITICAL SCIENCE / 2020-21

Time: 3 ¼ Hrs.

M.M: 80

General Instruction-

- All questions are compulsory.
- Section A has 16 Objective type Questions of 1 mark each.
- Section B has 2 passage- based questions 17 and 18 having Multiple Choice Questions of 1 mark each.
- In Section C, Q. No 19-22, carry 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 40 words each.
- In Section D, Q. No. 23-27, carry 4 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
- In Section E, Q. No. 28-29, pertain to map and cartoon questions carrying 5 marks each to be answered accordingly.
- Carry in Section F, Q. No. 30-32 carry 6 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 150 words each.

SECTION -A

- Q1. Which two former Soviet Republics had violent secessionist movements?
- Q2. Cuban crisis occurred in _____.
- Q3. Ideology of the western alliances was headed by _____ & _____.
- Q4. When and Where was NAM Summit held?
- Q5. What was the most important principle of Jawaharlal Nehru's foreign policy?
- Q6. When was the Policy Commission (NITI Aayog) established?
- Q7. What is the McMahon Line?
- Q8. In the first five-year plan which projects were allotted big amount?
- Q9. What was the slogan of Indira Gandhi during the election of 1971?
- Q10. State anyone important objective of the United Nation,
- Q11. Mention the main function of the World Trade Organisation (WTO)
- Q12. Which languages were spoken in Bombay state before 1960?
- Q13. Which party laid emphasis on the idea of one country, one culture and one Nation?
- Q14 Name any two princely states that resisted their merger with the Indian Union.
- Q15. When did Hindu Mahasabha come into existence?
- | | |
|--------|---------|
| a.1924 | b. 1914 |
| c.1885 | d.1913 |
- Q16. Which among the following statements about the partition is incorrect?
- (a) Partition of India was the outcome of the "two-nation theory".
- (b) Punjab and Bengal were the two provinces divided on the basis of religion.
- (c) East Pakistan and West Pakistan were not contiguous.
- (d) The scheme of Partition included a plan for transfer of population across the border.

SECTION –B

Q17. Study the picture given below and answer the questions that follow:



Questions

Q17.1. What does this picture represent?

Q17.2. Mention some consequences of partition.

Q17.3. Which year is being denoted in the picture?

Q17.4. Name the leader who was not in favour of partition on the basis of religion.

Q18. Read the passage given below carefully and answer the questions:

The socialists believed in the ideology of democratic socialism which distinguished them both from the Congress as well as from the Communists. They criticised the Congress for favouring capitalists and landlords and for ignoring the workers and the peasants. But the socialists faced a dilemma when in 1955 the Congress declared its goal to be the socialist pattern of society. Thus, it became difficult for the socialists to present themselves as an effective alternative to the Congress. Some of them, led by Rammanohar Lohia, increased their distance from and criticism of the Congress party. Some others like Asoka Mehta advocated a limited cooperation with the Congress.

Questions

Q18.1. Mention the ideology of Socialists.

Q18.2. Name some leaders of the Socialist Party.

Q18.3. Why did it become difficult for socialists to present themselves as an effective alternative to the Congress?

SECTION -C

Q19. Why did the superpower depend on Military alliances with smaller countries? (2)

Q20. Write any three factors which led to the rise of the cold war. (2)

Q21. Explain the role played by syndicate in Congress party. (2)

Q22. Asses any two consequences of Shock Therapy. (2)

SECTION -D

Q23. Describe any four global changes that have occurred after the cold war. (4)

Q24. What is Human Rights Watch? Describe its main contribution to the field of Human Rights. (4)

Q25. Explain any two positive and any two negative effects of globalisation. (4)

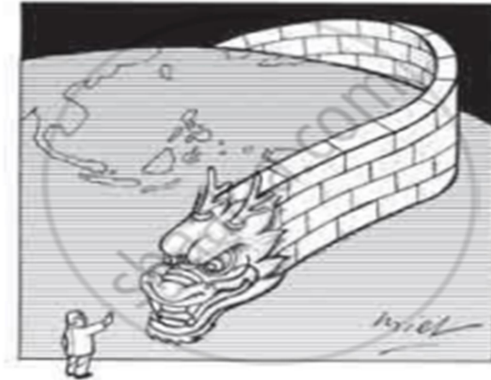
Q26. What was the Soviet system? (4)

Q27. When and Why was Shah commission appointed by Janta party government?

(4)

SECTION -E

Q28. Study the cartoon and give appropriate answers to the following questions.



1. Which country does the given picture refer to?
2. Identify the symbols which have given the clue about the country referred to.
3. What message has been given through this cartoon?

Q29. Look at the given map and identify the states on the basis of given clues.



- a) A state which declared its Independence from India in 1951.
- b) A state which was carved out of Assam in 1972.
- c) A state where chipko movement was carried out.
- d) A latest state of Indian Union.
- e) A state where an organization of Dalit Panthers was formed.

SECTION -F

Q30. Explain the reforms in the Foreign Trade Sector.

Q31. Define Globalisation. Explain the reasons for resistance to globalisation.

Q32. Which four main challenges were faced by India at the time of its independence? Explain.